Settlement of Amount Due to Retiring partner

4 Marks Question

1. Sita, Geeta and Rita were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 2:2:1 respectively. Following was their balance sheet as at 31st March, 2013.

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2013

Liabilities		Amt (₹)	Assets	Amt (₹)
Capitals A/cs				
Sita	1,20,000		Cash	41,000
Geeta	80,000		Stock	60,000
Rita	1,00,000	3,00,000	Debtors	44,000
Creditors		60,000	Building	2,00,000
Bills Payable		40,000	Plant	80,000
Profit and Loss A/c		25,000		. • 1
		4,25,000		4,25,000

On the above date Sita retired and following were agreed

(i) Stock was valued at Rs. 59,000; debtors Rs. 40,000; building Rs. 2,10,000; plant Rs. 70,000 and creditors Rs. 50,000.

(ii) Amount due to Sita will be transferred to Sita's loan account. Prepare revaluation account and Sita's capital account. (Compartment 2014)

Ans.	Dr		Revaluation	Account		Cr
	Particulars		Amt (₹)	Particular	s	Amt (₹)
	To Stock A/c		1,000	By Building A/c		10,000
	To Debtors A/c		4,000	By Creditors A/c		10,000
	To Plant A/c		10,000			
	To Profit on Revaluation Tra	nsferred to		-		
	Sita's Capital A/c	2,000				
	Geeta's Capital A/c	2,000				
	Rita Capital A/c	1,000	5,000			<u> </u>
			20,000	48		20,000



Dr	Sita's Capita	Cr	
Particulars	Amt (₹)	Particulars	Amt (₹)
To Sita's Loan A/c	1,32,000	By Balance b/d	1,20,000
		By Profit and Loss A/c	10,000
		By Revaluation A/c (Profit)	2,000
***************************************	1,32,000		1,32,000

Working Note

Share in profit and loss = $25,000 \times \frac{2}{5} = ₹10,000$

6 Marks Questions

2. Following is the balance sheet of X, Y and Z as on 31st March, 2008. They shared profits in the ratio of 3:3:2

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2008

45 dt 525t Haleli, 2000							
Liabilities		Amt (₹)	Assets	Amt (₹)			
Sundry Creditors		2,50,000	Cash at Bank	50,000			
General Reserve		80,000	Bills Receivable	60,000			
Partners' Loan A/cs			Debtors 80,000				
Χ	50,000		(-) Provision for Doubtful Debts (4,000)	76,000			
Υ .	40,000	90,000	Stock	1,24,000			
Capital A/cs			Fixed Assets	3,00,000			
X	1,00,000		Advertisement Suspense A/c	16,000			
Υ	60,000		Profit and Loss A/c	4,000			
Z	50,000	2,10,000					
		6,30,000		6,30,000			

On 1st April, 2008, Y decided to retire from the firm on the following terms

- (i) Stock to be depreciated by Rs. 12,000.
- (ii) Advertisement suspense account to be written-off.
- (iii) Fixed assets to be appreciated by 10%.
- (iv) Provision for doubtful debts to be increased to Rs. 6,000.
- (v) Goodwill of the firm valued at Rs. 80,000 and the amount due to the retiring partner be adjusted in X's and Z's capital account.

Prepare revaluation account, partners' capital account and the balance sheet to give effect to the above. (All India 2009)



Particulars		Amt (₹)	Particulars	Amt (₹)
To Stock A/c		12,000	By Fixed Assets A/c	30,000
To Provision for Doubtful Debts A/	С	2,000		
To Profit Transferred to				
X's Capital A/c	6,000			
Y's Capital A/c	6,000			
Z's Capital A/c	4,000	16,000		
•		30,000		30,000

Dr		Partne	rs' Capita		Cr		
Particulars	X	Υ	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Profit and Loss A/c	1,500	1,500	1,000	By Balance b/d	1,00,000	60,000	50,000
To Advertisement	6,000	6,000	4,000	By General Reserve A/c	30,000	30,000	20,000
Suspense A/c				By X 's Capital A/c	_	18,000	
To Y's Capital A/c	18,000	_	12,000	By Z 's Capital A/c	_	12,000	_
To Y's Loan A/c	_	1,18,500		By Revaluation A/c	6,000	6,000	4,000
To Balance c/d	1,10,500	_	57,000	(Profit)			
	1,36,000	1,26,000	74,000		1,36,000	1,26,000	74,000

Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2008

Liabilities		Amt (₹)	Assets		Amt (₹)
Creditors		2,50,000	Stock		1,12,000
X's Loan A/c		50,000	Fixed Assets		3,30,000
Y's Loan A/c (40,000 + 1,18,500	1)	1,58,500	Debtors	80,000	
Capital A/cs			(-) Provision For Doubtful Debts	(6,000)	74,000
X	1,10,500		Cash at Bank		50,000
Z	57,000	1,67,500	Bills Receivable		60,000
		6,26,000			6,26,000

Working Note

Calculation of Y's Share of Goodwill

Firm's goodwill = ₹80,000

Y's share of goodwill = 80,000 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = ₹ 30,000

To be contributed by X and Z in their gaining ratio i.e. 3:2.

$$X = 30,000 \times \frac{3}{5} = 718,000$$

$$Z = 30,000 \times \frac{2}{5} = ₹ 12,000$$



3. R, S and T were partners in a firm sharing profits in 2 : 2 : 1 ratio. On 1st April, 2004, their balance sheet was as follows

Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2004

Liabilities		Amt (₹)	Assets	Amt (₹)
Bank Loan		12,800	Cash	51,300
Sundry Creditors	,	25,000	Bills Receivable	10,800
Capital A/cs			Debtors	35,600
R	80,000		Stock	44,600
S	50,000		Furniture	7,000
T	40,000	1,70,000	Plant and Machinery	19,500
Profit and Loss A/c		9,000	Building	48,000
		2,16,800		2,16,800

S retired from the firm on 1st April, 2004 and his share was ascertained on the revaluation of assets as follows; stock Rs. 40,000, furniture Rs. 6,000, plant and machinery Rs. 18,000, building Rs. 40,000; Rs. 1,700 were to be provided for doubtful debts. The goodwill of the firm was valued at Rs. 12,000.

S was to be paid Rs. 18,080 in cash on retirement and the balance in three equal yearly instalments.

Prepare revaluation account, partners' capital account, S's loan account and balance sheet on 1st April, 2004. (All India 2008)

Ans. Dr Revaluation Account Cr

				-
Particulars	Amt (₹)	Particulars		Amt (₹)
To Stock A/c	4,600	By Loss Transferred to		
To Furniture A/c	1,000	R's Capital A/c	6,720	
To Plant and Machinery A/c	1,500	S's Capital A/c	6,720	
To Building A/c	8,000	T's Capital A/c	3,360	16,800
To Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	1,700			
	16,800			16,800
		1		Management of the control of the

Dr		Partners' Capital Account						
Particulars	R	S	Т	Particulars	R	S	T	
To Revaluation A/c (Loss)	6,720	6,720	3,360	By Balance b/d	80,000	50,000	40,000	
To S's Capital A/c	3,200	_	1,600	By Profit and Loss A/c	3,600	3,600	1,800	
To Cash A/c	_	18,080	_	By R's Capital A/c	_	3,200	_	
To S's Loan A/c		33,600		By T's Capital A/c	_	1,600		
To Balance c/d	73,680	-	36,840					
	83,600	58,400	41,800		83,600	58,400	41,800	



Date	Particulars	Amt (₹)	Date	Particulars	Amt (₹)
2005		.,	2004		
Mar 31	To Cash A/c	11,200	Apr 1	By S's Capital A/c	33,600
	To Balance c/d	22,400			
	21 x 32 x 3	33,600			33,600
2006			2005	and the second of	
Mar 31	To Cash A/c	11,200	Apr 1	By Balance b/d	22,400
Mar 31	To Balance c/d	11,200		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		22,400		1 . 4	22,400
2007	. ** .**	President Automotive Marchester Automotive M	2006	€.00, a 2.0	
Mar 31	To Cash A/c	11,200	Apr 1	By Balance b/d	11,200
		11,200		25.00	11,200

Working Note

Dr

Calculation of S's Share of Goodwill

Firm's goodwill = ₹ 12,000

S's share of goodwill = 12,000 × $\frac{2}{5}$ = ₹4,800, to be contributed by R and T in their gaining ratio, i.e. 2:1.

4. The balance sheet of A, B and C who were sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 1/2, 1/3 and 1/6 respectively, was as follows on 1st April, 2004

Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2004

Liabilities		Amt (₹)	Assets	 Amt (₹)
Bills Payable		6,400	Cash	25,650
Sundry Creditors		12,500	Bills Receivable	5,400
Capital A/cs			Debtors	17,800
A	40,000		Stock	22,300
В	25,000		Furniture	 3,500
C	20,000	85,000	Plant and Machinery	9,750
Profit and Loss A/c		4,500	Building	24,000
		1,08,400		1,08,400

A retired from the business on 1st April, 2004 and his share in the firm was to be ascertained on the revaluation of the assets as follows Stock Rs. 20,000; furniture Rs. 3,000; plant and machinery Rs. 9,000; building Rs. 20,000; Rs. 850 was to be provided for doubtful debts. The goodwill of the firm was valued at Rs. 6,000. A was to paid Rs. 11,500 in cash on retirement and the balance in three equal yearly instalments with interest at 9% per annum. Prepare revaluation account, partners' capital account and As loan account on the date of his retirement. (Delhi





Ans. Dr

Revaluation Account

Cr

Particulars	Amt (₹)	Particulars	., .	Amt (₹)	
To Stock A/c	2,300	By Loss Transferred to			
To Furniture A/c	500	A's Capital A/c	4,200		
To Plant and Machinery A/c	750	B's Capital A/c	2,800		
To Building A/c	4,000	C's Capital A/c	1,400	8,400	
To Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	850				
	8,400	-		8,400	

Dr Partners' Capital Account								
A	В	С	Particulars	Α	В	С		
_	2,000	1,000	By Balance b/d	40,000	25,000	20,000		
4,200	2,800	1,400	By Profit and Loss A/c	2,250	1,500	750		
11,500	_	· -	By B's Capital A/c	2,000	_	_		
29,550			By C 's Capital A/c	1,000	_	_		
	21,700	18,350						
45,250	26,500	20,750		45,250	26,500	20,750		
	4,200 11,500 29,550	A B 2,000 4,200 2,800 11,500 29,550 21,700	A B C — 2,000 1,000 4,200 2,800 1,400 11,500 — — 29,550 — — — 21,700 18,350	A B C Particulars — 2,000 1,000 By Balance b/d 4,200 2,800 1,400 By Profit and Loss A/c 11,500 — — By B's Capital A/c 29,550 — — By C's Capital A/c — 21,700 18,350	A B C Particulars A — 2,000 1,000 By Balance b/d 40,000 4,200 2,800 1,400 By Profit and Loss A/c 2,250 11,500 — — By B's Capital A/c 2,000 29,550 — — By C's Capital A/c 1,000 — 21,700 18,350 —	A B C Particulars A B — 2,000 1,000 By Balance b/d 40,000 25,000 4,200 2,800 1,400 By Profit and Loss A/c 2,250 1,500 11,500 — — By B's Capital A/c 2,000 — 29,550 — — By C's Capital A/c 1,000 — — 21,700 18,350 — — —		

Dr		A's Loan A	's Loan Account			
Date	Particulars	Amt (₹)	Date	Particulars	Amt (₹)	
2005			2004			
Mar 31	To Bank A/c (9,850 + 2,660)	12,510	Apr 1	By A's Capital A/c	29,550	
Mar 31	To Balance c/d	19,700	2005			
		Mar 31	By Interest (29,550 × 9%)	2,660		
		32,210			32,210	
2006			2005			
Mar 31	To Bank A/c (9,850 + 1,773)	11,623	Apr 1	By Balance b/d	19,700	
Mar 31	To Balance c/d	9,850	2006			
			Mar 31	By Interest A/c (19,700 × 9%)	1,773	
		21,473			21,473	
2007			2006		SCHOOL GREAT CONTROL	
Mar 31	To Bank A/c (9,850 + 887)	10,737	Apr 1	By Balance b/d	9,850	
		2007				
		Mar 31	By Interest A/c (9,850 × 9%)	887		
	10,737			10,737		

Working Note

Amount of each equal instalment without interest $=\frac{29,550}{3} = 79,850$

